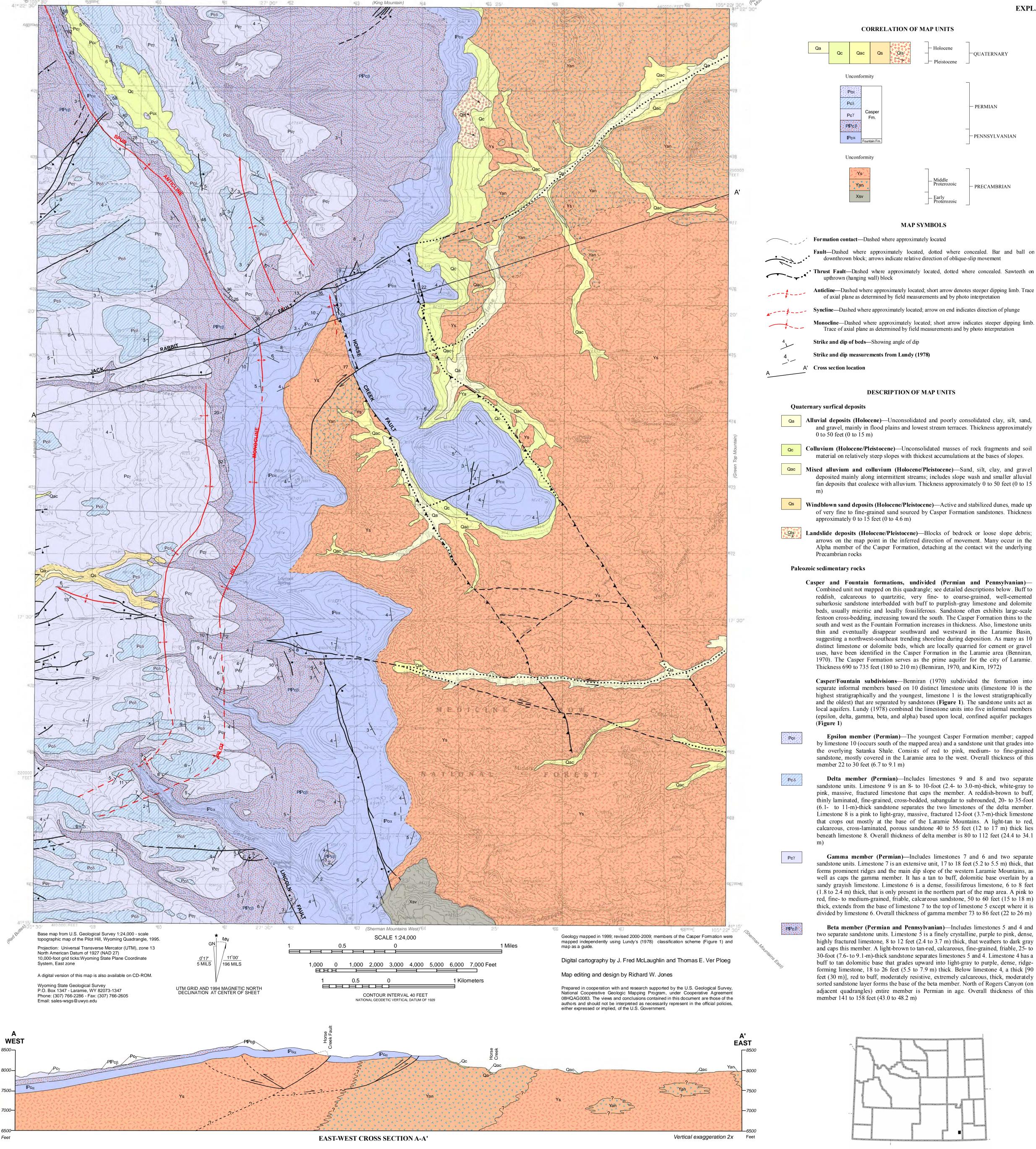
WYOMING STATE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY **Ronald C. Surdam, State Geologist** Laramie, Wyoming



Geology - Interpreting the past to provide for the future



GEOLOGIC MAP OF THE PILOT HILL QUADRANGLE, ALBANY COUNTY, WYOMING

Alan J. Ver Ploeg and J. Fred McLaughlin 2009



#### Prepared in cooperation with the **U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY**

WYOMING QUADRANGLE LOCATION



## EXPLANATION

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ERNARY	
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SYLVANIAN	
AMBRIAN	

**MAP SERIES 89** Pilot Hill 1:24,000 - scale Geologic Map Version 1.0 July 2009

Alpha member (Pennsylvanian)—The oldest member of the Casper Formation includes limestones 3, 2, and 1 and three separate sandstone units, the lowest of which grades into the underlying Fountain Formation, which forms the base of this member. Limestone 3 at the top of the alpha member is one of the more prominent limestones in this section of the Casper Formation. The base of the 29- to 40-foot (8.8- to 12-m)thick limestone 3 is light-tan to brown sandy dolomite, fining upwards into a purplepink carbonate that weathers gray and forms ridges. A light-brown to reddish-brown, poorly sorted, fine-grained sandstone unit, 75 to 80 feet (23 to 24 m) thick, separates limestone 3 from limestone 2. Limestone 2 is a thin [8 to 12 feet (2.4 to 3.7 m)], pink to purple, sandy unit that is mostly covered in the map area. A pink to brown, calcareous, cross-laminated, medium-sorted, fine-grained sandstone, 65 to 80 feet (20 to 24 m) thick, separates limestones 2 and 1. Limestone 1 is a purple to pink, massive fossiliferous, sandy unit, 9 to 13 feet (2.7 to 4.0 m) thick. The unit below limestone 1 is a tan, pink, and red, cross-bedded, medium-grained sandstone that interfingers with thin [up to 1 inch (3 cm)] thick, sandy limestones. The basal sandstone unit, 80 to 150 feet (24 to 46 m) thick, is slightly arkosic; more so as it grades into the Fountain Formation. Overall thickness of the alpha member 266 to 375 feet (81.1 to 114 m)

Fountain Formation (Pennsylvanian)--Coarse-grained pink to red to purple sandstone and arkose, with some conglomerates, siltstones and shales. Interfingers with and underlies Casper Formation, thinning to the north and pinching out near Rogers Canyon. For mapping purposes, the Fountain Formation was included with the alpha member. The Fountain Formation lies unconformably on top of Precambrian basement rock. Possibly deposited by an alluvial plain or a series of coalescing fans at the base of the Ancestral Rockies. Approximately 30 feet (9 m) thick at Pilot Hill (Benniran, 1970)

# Middle Proterozoic granitic and metamorphic rocks

Sherman Granite— Medium- to coarse-grained, pink to orange, biotite hornblende granite, syenogranite, quartz monzonite, and granodiorite; gradational with or interfingers with the syenite of the Laramie Mountains. The Sherman Granite has been dated at 1,430 +20 Ma (Mega-annum or million years before present) by a Rb-Sr whole rock isochron (Zielinski and others, 1981)

Laramie Mountains anorthosite and norite-White to light bluish gray, medium- to Yan coarse-grained, generally leucocratic anorthosite that is massive to layered to brecciated. A minor gray mafic anorthosite or norite commonly forms a gradational phase between syenites and the leucocratic anorthosite, or forms less resistant, more mafic layers in layered anorthosite. This unit commonly occurs as sharply bounded angular inclusions in the syenite, but as noted above is gradational into the syenite. This anorthosite is the major part of what some geologists call the Laramie Anorthosite Complex

### Early Proterozoic rocks

Xsv Older Proterozoic metasedimentary and metavolcanics rocks in the Laramie Mountains-Pelitic schist, marble, granite gneiss, layered amphibolite, and felsic gneiss (Houston and Marlatt, 1997)

### FIGURE 1

Schematic relationship between Lundy's (1978) informal members of the Casper Formation and the Casper limestones (1 -10) as defined by Benniran (1970) in the vicinity of Laramie, Wyoming. Map area falls with in diagram butt not all units crop out in the map area.

Satanka Shale				FEET
Casper Formation	epsilon member (Ρcε)	10	_	800 —
	delta member (Ρcδ)		⊳9 ►8	700 —
	gamma member (Ρcγ)		⊳7 ≥6	600 —
	beta member (PIPcβ)		5 4 ≥ 3	500 —
			≥ 3 ≥ 2	400 —
	alpha member (IΡcα)		1	300 —
				200 —
Fountain Formation				100 —
Precambrian rocks		したななたななたななたななたな		

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